

Warm-Up:

1) Rewrite in logarithmic form.

$$12^2 = 144$$

$$\log_{12} 144 = 2$$

2) Evaluate the logarithm.

a) $\log_4 64$

$$b=4 \quad 4^y=64$$
$$x=64 \quad 4^y=4^3$$
$$y=3$$

b) $\log_8 16$

$$\log_8 16$$
$$b=8 \quad y=y \quad x=16$$
$$8^y=16$$
$$2^{3y}=2^4$$
$$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \quad \boxed{y = \frac{4}{3}}$$

ACT Question of the Day

2. The monthly fees for single rooms at 5 colleges are \$370, \$310, \$380, \$340, and \$310, respectively. What is the mean of these monthly fees?

- F. \$310
- G. \$340
- H. \$342
- J. \$350
- K. \$380

NC Final Exam Released Question

19 Which function is equivalent to $y = x^2 - 6x + 10$?

A $y = (x + 3)^2 - 1$

B $y = (x - 3)^2 + 1$

C $y = (x + 6)^2 - 10$

D $y = (x - 6)^2 + 10$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 6x = -10 \\ x^2 - 6x + \left(\frac{-6}{2}\right)^2 = -10 + \left(\frac{-6}{2}\right)^2 \\ x^2 - 6x + 9 = -1 \\ \begin{array}{r} \cancel{-3} \quad \cancel{+9} \\ \cancel{-3} \quad \cancel{-3} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} (x-3)^2 = -1 \\ \quad \quad \quad +1 \quad +1 \\ \hline (x-3)^2 + 1 \end{array} \end{array}$$

Unit 6 ~ Logarithms & Exponentials

Day 3: Properties of Logarithms

What's Happening here???

1. Take 30 secs to think about what's happening?
2. Based on your observation, write down the property for each log
3. Share with a partner

$$\log_3(5) + \log_3(6) = \log_3(30)$$

$$\log_5(10) - \log_5(2) = \log_5(5)$$

$$2\log_4(3) = \log_4(3^2)$$

Properties of Logarithms

1st flap outside 1st flap top

Product Property: $\log_b mn = \log_b m + \log_b n$

2nd flap outside 2nd flap top

Quotient Property: $\log_b \frac{m}{n} = \log_b m - \log_b n$

3rd flap outside 3rd flap top

Power Property: $\log_b m^n = n \log_b m$

Example 2:

Write each expression as a single logarithm.

a) $\log 7 + \log 2$ b) $\log 15 - \log 3$

$\log(7 \cdot 2) = \log 14$ $\log\left(\frac{15}{3}\right) = \log 5$

c) $5\log 3$ d) $5\log 3 + \log 4$

$\log 3^5 = \log 243$ $\log 3^5 + \log 4 = \log(243 \cdot 4) = \log(972)$

e) $4\log m - 5\log n$ f) $\log_6 5 + \log_6 x + 6\log_6 y$

$\log m^4 - \log n^5 = \log\left(\frac{m^4}{n^5}\right)$ $\log_6 5 + \log_6 x + \log_6 y^6 = \log_6 5xy^6$

g) $\log_3 4 + \log_3 y - 3\log_3 x$

$\log_3 4 + \log_3 y - \log_3 x^3 = \log_3 \frac{4y}{x^3}$

Change of Base Formula:

$$\log_b m = \frac{\log m}{\log b}$$

Use this when the bases are diff.

Example 1:

Use the Change of Base Formula to evaluate each expression.

a) $\log_{12} 20$

$\frac{\log 20}{\log 12} = 1.21$

b) $\log_3 81$

$\frac{\log 81}{\log 3} = 4$

c) $\log_3 54$

$\frac{\log 54}{\log 3} = 3.6$

d) $\log_3 33$

$\frac{\log 33}{\log 3} = 3.2$